

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Lead(II) nitrate

CAS-No. : 10099-74-8

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Cater Chemicals Corporation

30 Monaco Drive Roselle, IL 60172

Telephone : +1 630-980-2300 Fax : +1 630-980-2323

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone # : CHEMTREK: (800)-424-9300

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

### GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Oxidizing solids (Category 2), H272 Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302 Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4), H332 Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318 Carcinogenicity (Category 1B), H350 Reproductive toxicity (Category 1A), H360

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Category 2), H373

Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 1), H400 Chronic aquatic toxicity (Category 1), H410

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## 2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram

Signal word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser.

H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H350 May cause cancer.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s)

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

understood.

P210 Keep away from heat.

P220 Keep/Store away from clothing/ combustible materials.
P221 Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles.
P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face

protection.

P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you

feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel

unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately

call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to

extinguish.

P391 Collect spillage. P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

## 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS - none

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1 Substances

Formula : N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>6</sub>Pb

Molecular weight : 331.21 g/mol
CAS-No. : 10099-74-8
EC-No. : 233-245-9
Index-No. : 082-001-00-6

**Hazardous components** 

Component	Classification	Concentration			
<b>Lead nitrate</b> Included in the Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)					
	Ox. Sol. 2; Acute Tox. 4; Eye Dam. 1; Carc. 1B; Repr. 1A; STOT RE 2; Aquatic Acute 1; Aquatic Chronic 1; H272, H302 + H332, H318, H350, H360, H373, H410	<= 100 %			

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.

#### If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

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#### In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

## In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

#### If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

## 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

### Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Lead oxides

# 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

#### 5.4 Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust. For personal protection see section 8.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

# 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up and shovel. Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wetbrushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Further processing of solid materials may result in the formation of combustible dusts. The potential for combustible dust formation should be taken into consideration before additional processing occurs.

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

For precautions see section 2.2.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Storage class (TRGS 510): Oxidizing hazardous materials

# 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

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# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# 8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control	Basis	
			parameters		
Lead nitrate	10099-74-8	TWA	0.050000 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	
	Remarks	Central Nervous System impairment			
		Hematologic effects			
			ervous System imp		
		Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section)			
		Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans			
		varies PEL	0.050000	OSHA Specifically Regulated	
			mg/m3	Chemicals/Carcinogens	
		If an employee is exposed to lead for more than 8 hours in any worlday, the permissible exposure limit, as a time weighted average (TWA) for that day, shall be reduced according to the following			
		formula: Maximum permissible limit (in μg/m3 )=400÷hours worked in the day This section applies to all occupational exposure to lead, except as			
		provided in paragraph (a)(2). It does not apply to the construction industry or to agricultural operations covered by 29 CFR part 1928.			
		OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen			
		TWA	0.050000	USA. NIOSH Recommended	
			mg/m3	Exposure Limits	
		See Appendix C			
		PEL	0.050000	OSHA Specifically Regulated	
			mg/m3	Chemicals/Carcinogens	
		1910.1025			
		If an employee is exposed to lead for more than 8 hours in any work day, the permissible exposure limit, as a time weighted average (TWA) for that day, shall be reduced according to the following formula: Maximum permissible limit (in µg/m3 )=400÷hours worked			
		in the day	annam permissible	(π μg/πο )=+οο:ποαιο worked	
		•	applies to all occur	pational exposure to lead, except as	
		provided in paragraph (a)(2). It does not apply to the construction industry or to agricultural operations covered by 29 CFR part 1928. OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen			
				rcinogen	
		TWA	0.05 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values	
				(TLV)	
		Central Nervous System impairment		ment	
		Hematologic effects			
			ervous System imp		
		Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section)  Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans varies			
		PEL	0.05 mg/m3	OSHA Specifically Regulated	
				Chemicals/Carcinogens	
		1910.1025			
		If an employee is exposed to lead for more than 8 hours in any work day, the permissible exposure limit, as a time weighted average			
		(TWA) for that day, shall be reduced according to the following formula: Maximum permissible limit (in μg/m3 )=400÷hours worked in the day			

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This section applies to all occupational exposure to lead, except as provided in paragraph (a)(2). It does not apply to the construction industry or to agricultural operations covered by 29 CFR part 1928. OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen			
TWA	0.05 mg/m3	USA. NIOSH Recommended	
		Exposure Limits	
See Appendix C			

# 8.2 Exposure controls

## Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

## Personal protective equipment

## Eye/face protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

## Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm

Break through time: 480 min

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

#### **Body Protection**

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

### Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

#### Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Appearance Form: solid

Colour: white

b) Odourc) Odour ThresholdNo data availableNo data available

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d) pH No data available

e) Melting point/freezing Melting point/range: 470 °C (878 °F) - dec.

point

f) Initial boiling point and

boiling range

No data available

g) Flash point No data available
h) Evaporation rate No data available

i) Flammability (solid, gas) No data available

j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits No data available

k) Vapour pressure No data availablel) Vapour density No data available

m) Relative density 4.53 g/cm3n) Water solubility 500 g/l

 Partition coefficient: noctanol/water No data available

p) Auto-ignition temperature

No data available

q) Decomposition temperature

No data available

r) Viscosity No data availables) Explosive properties No data available

t) Oxidizing properties The substance or mixture is classified as oxidizing with the category 2.

9.2 Other safety information

Solubility in other Ethanol 0.4 g/l solvents Methanol 13.3 g/l

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1 Reactivity

No data available

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

No data available

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong reducing agents, Organic materials, Powdered metals

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

No data available

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Inhalation: No data available

Dermal: No data available

LD50 Intravenous - Rat - 93 mg/kg

LD50 Intraperitoneal - Mouse - 74 mg/kg

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

No data available

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

No data available

## Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

## Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

## Carcinogenicity

IARC: 2A - Group 2A: Probably carcinogenic to humans (Lead nitrate)

2A - Group 2A: Probably carcinogenic to humans (Lead nitrate)

NTP: Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogenThe reference note has been added by TD

based on the background information of the NTP. (Lead nitrate)

OSHA: OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen (Lead nitrate)

#### Reproductive toxicity

Known human reproductive toxicant

No data available

No data available

Developmental Toxicity - Rat

Specific Developmental Abnormalities: Central nervous system.

# Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

# Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

# **Additional Information**

RTECS: OG2100000

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated., Lead salts have been reported to cross the placenta and to induce embryo- and feto- mortality.

Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 1.5 mg/l - 96.0 h

LC50 - Cyprinus carpio (Carp) - 0.4 - 1.3 mg/l - 96.0 h

Toxicity to daphnia and EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 0.5 - 2.0 mg/l - 48 h

other aquatic invertebrates

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

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### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

Burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

#### Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (US)

UN number: 1469 Class: 5.1 (6.1) Packing group: II

Proper shipping name: Lead nitrate Reportable Quantity (RQ): 10 lbs

Marine pollutant:yes

Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

**IMDG** 

UN number: 1469 Class: 5.1 (6.1) Packing group: II EMS-No: F-A, S-Q

Proper shipping name: LEAD NITRATE

Marine pollutant: yes Marine pollutant: yes

IATA

UN number: 1469 Class: 5.1 (6.1) Packing group: II

Proper shipping name: Lead nitrate

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### **SARA 302 Components**

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

## **SARA 313 Components**

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

Lead nitrate CAS-No. Revision Date 10099-74-8 1993-04-24

**Massachusetts Right To Know Components** 

Lead nitrate CAS-No. Revision Date 10099-74-8 1993-04-24

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Lead nitrate CAS-No. Revision Date 10099-74-8 1993-04-24

**New Jersey Right To Know Components** 

CAS-No. Revision Date

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Lead nitrate 10099-74-8 1993-04-24

California Prop. 65 Components

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the CAS-No. Revision Date State of California to cause cancer. 10099-74-8 2007-09-28

Lead nitrate

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

Acute Tox. Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute Acute aquatic toxicity
Aquatic Chronic Chronic aquatic toxicity

Carc. Carcinogenicity
Eye Dam. Serious eye damage
H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H332 Harmful if inhaled. H350 May cause cancer.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

**HMIS Rating** 

Health hazard: 2
Chronic Health Hazard: \*
Flammability: 0
Physical Hazard 2

**NFPA** Rating

Health hazard: 2
Fire Hazard: 0
Reactivity Hazard: 2
Special hazard.I: OX

## Disclaimer:

Cater Chemicals Corp.provides the information contained herein in good faith but makes no representation as to its comprehensiveness or accuracy. This document is intended only as a guide to the appropriate precautionary handling of the material by a properly trained person using this product. Individuals receiving the information must exercise their independent judgment in determining its appropriateness for a particular purpose.

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